## Final Examination of 8<sup>TH</sup> Semester Mining Engineering May2013 Sub: Ergonomics and Geo-informatics (MN801)

Time: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

Q 1 and 6 are mandatory and answers any 4 taking at least 2 from each half. Marks of each question are shown on the right hand side. It is obligatory to write all parts of a question in a sequence.

## First Half

- 1. How do you reduce risk in mining by redesigning the task and work space? Discuss on JSI. 10 + 5
- 2. i) State the scale of heaviness of workload recommended by Astrand and Ramanathan. 3+3+4
  - ii) How do you calculate rest allowances as proposed by Scientist Spitzer? Write down the occupational and non-occupational risk factors.
- 3. i) Write short notes on Recovery heart rates, NCC, RCC

- ii) State the principal factors that can affect energy expenditure in performing a task in underground.
- 4. i) Write a note on recommended energy expenditure levels.

3+4+3

3x2+4

- ii) Give the assumption of Scientist Muller to predict rest between work. Site example as suitable.
- iii) What is WMSD?
- 5. i) State the factors that contribute to the development of CTD?

6+4

ii) Distinguish between – Tendinitis Vs Bursitis

## 2nd Half

- 6. a. Define GIS.
  - b. Describe the quadtree method of raster representation.
  - c. What do you understand by active and passive sensors?
  - d. Describe the methods of automatic classification used in GIS.
  - e. Name the various image data characteristics.

(2+4+2+4+3)

- 7. a. What do you understand by spatial topology? What are the rules of topological consistency of a space?
  - b. With figure of two raster's A and B show the results of the operations "A and not B", "A xor B" and "A or B",

(7+3)

- 8. a. What are the advantages and disadvantages of raster and vector representation?
  - b. With a 5 X 5 raster assuming your own resistance value compute the minimal total resistance raster, in spread computation.

(5+5)

- 9. a. Describe the steps involved in supervised image classification.
  - b. Write short notes on:
    - i. Maximum likelihood classifier
    - ii. Minimum distance to mean classifier.

(3+7)

- 10. a. What do you understand by contrast stretching? Describe linear contrast stretching and histogram equalized stretch of a remote sensing image.
  - b. What is the purpose of buffer zone generation in GIS? Describe with two examples.