## B.E. (MET) Part-II 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester FINAL Examination, 2011 Sub: Instrumentation and Control (ET-306)

Full Marks - 70.

Time – 3 Hrs.

## Answer any Five questions Answer should be brief and to the point Unnecessary lengthy answers may result in loss of marks.

- 1. a) What is transducer? What are the differences between active and passive transducer? State the advantages of electrical transducers.
  - b) A displacement transducer with a shaft stroke of 3 in is applied to the circuit of Resistance Position Transducer. The total resistance of the potentiometer is 5 k ohm. The applied voltage is 5 volt, when the wiper is 0.9 in from the terminal position, what is the value of output voltage?
  - c) Explain the following terms with example: Photo voltaic cell, Piezo electric transducer. [4+4+6]
- 2. a) Define Gauge Factor of a Strain Gauge, Deduce the relation between gauge factor and Poisson's ratio.
  - b) A resistance strain gauge with a gauge factor of 3 is cemented to a steel member, which is subjected to a strain of  $2 \times 10^{-6}$ . If the original resistance value of the gauge is 1200hm, Calculate change in resistance.

[8+6]

- 3. a) With proper diagram explain the operation of LVDT.
  - b) An LVDT has a secondary voltage 6 V for a displacement of +11.5mm. Determine the output voltage for a core displacement of 8 mm from its control position
  - c) Explain the operation of Thermocouple.

[6+4+4]

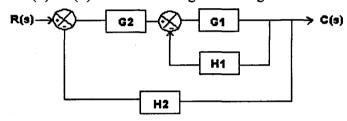
- 4. a) Write short notes (Any Two) on: Inductive Transducer, RTD, Magnetic Flow meter.
  - b) What do you mean by Thermistor. Write various configurations of Thermistor.

[8+6]

- 5. a) What do you mean by Open loop and closed-loop system? Write the advantages of a closed-loop system.
  - b) For Unit Ramp input find out Steady State Error.
  - c) Define 'Delay time', 'Settling time' and 'Peak Overshoot'.

[4+4+6]

6. a) Derive the closed loop transfer function for unit feedback, and Obtain the transfer function C (S)/R (S) of the following block diagram.



b) Describe and compare the characteristics of Proportional plus Derivative control and Proportional plus Integral control.

[7+7]

- 7. a) What do you mean by linear time invariant system?
  - b) Find out frequency domain form of following Signals using Laplace transform. Unit impulse, Unit step, and Sinusoidal signal.
  - c) Define the terms 'stability' & 'sensitivity'. Show that sensitivity of a open loop system is 1. [2+6+6]
- 8. a) What do you mean by Single channel Data Acquisition System? Define Resolution.
  - b) For a five bit resistive divider find out output voltage for a digital input of 10110 (assuming 0=0 volt and 1=+10 volt).
  - c) Explain with diagram Ladder type D/A Converter.

[6+4+4]