## BE IT Part III 6<sup>th</sup> Semester Examination, 2012

Sub: Multimedia System (IT-603)

## Full Marks-70

Time-3 Hours

## ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS (14x5=70)

- 1.a) How do you prepare data for representation and analysis? How do you develop a multimedia application? Write down the steps. 1+2+3
- b) What are redundancies in images? How can you categories them?

2+2

c) State the basic principles of Huffman coding. State basic principles of Lampel-Ziv coding.

2+2

- 2.a) What are the elements of multimedia system? State Shannon's Coding theory for noiseless channel. How can you include animation as a building block of multimedia system? 2+2+2
- b) How can you convert a gray-scale image into bit-plane image? Define the run length entropy of Huffman entropy. State the limitations of arithmetic coded bit stream.

  2+2+2
- c) Define Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT).

2

- 3.a) What is multimodality? What is postscript font? Differentiate between extended character set and Unicode. 2+2+2
- b) ) A long sequence of symbols generated from a source is seen to have the following occurrences

Symbol	Occurrences
A1	3003
A2	996
A3	2017
A4	1487
A5	2497

Assign Huffman codes to the above symbols, following a convention that the group/symbol with higher probability is assigned a "0" and that with lower probability is assigned a "1". Calculate the entropy of the source.

- c) What are the principles of arithmetic coding? Express the predicted pixel as a linear combination of past neighbors'. 2+2
- 4.a) Define Quantization. Distinguish uniform and non-uniform quantization.

Let us consider a row of pixels, whose intensity values are given as follows:

33-35-34-36-35-34-35-35-38-44-50-59-73-81-82-82-81-81. Plot intensity vs. pixel.	2+2+3
b) Define Q- tree . How does data can be stored in Q-trees?	2+3
c) State basic requirements of low bit-rate in audio coders.	2
5.a) State the needs of multi-resolution image analysis. How do coders assign code-word?	2+2
b) State the mathematical expression of Discrete Wavelet Transforms.	3
c) Draw the block diagram for perceptual coding in audio. What are the basic objective of standards?	f MPEG-1 4+3
6.a) Distinguish between produced video data and observed video data. What do you mean reality?	by virtual 2+3
b) Describe the measuring the quality of reconstructed image. What are the needs of transfimage compression?	former in 3+2
c) How con you encode a string of symbols using Huffman codes? Draw the lossless prediction block diagram.	ve coding 2+2
7.a) Describe transform coding by block diagram. Define optimal Predictor design.	3+2
b) What is threshold coding? State the limitations of DCT.	2+3
c) Draw the hierarchical data structure in MPEG-1.	4
8.a) Write down the significances of k-d trees.	3
b) What do you know about I-picture, B-picture, P-picture?	2+2+2
c) State the constrained parameter of MPEG-1 standard.	5
9.a) What are the bit rate requirements for stereo quality audio?	3
b) How does error can be calculated in JPEG standard? What are the permissible modes of ope JPEG? Describe hierarchical coding standard.	eration in 2+3+2
c) Encode the sequence 32,32,34,32,34,32,32,33,32,32,34 by Lampel-Ziv coding.	4