BENGAL ENGINEERING AND SCIENCE UNIVERSITY, SHIBPUR B.E. 6TH SEMESTER (ETC) FINAL EXAMINATIONS, April May 2012 SUB: ADVANCED MICROPROCESSOR & COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE (ET-602)

Full Marks: 70 Time: 3 hours

FIRST HALF

ANSWAR Q. No. 1 and any two from the rest

- 1. (a) Describe the (i)AAM (ii)IMUL instructions in 8086. Make hardware realizations of these instructions separately using logic circuit.
 - (b) Describe the following assembler directives (i) ASSUME (ii) EXTRN (iii) PUBLIC (iv) LABEL (v) SEGMENT
 - (c) Describe the functionality of following IC chip Pins (i) RESET & BHE in 8086 (ii) PEACK & PEREQ in 80286 (iii) KEN & FLUSH in 80486
- 2. (a) Describe the following instructions in 8086 with examples (i) CMPSB (ii) CWD (iii) LAHF (iv) LODSB (v) LES
 - (b) Draw and explain internal block diagram of 80186 microprocessor. (10)
- 3. Describe the various types of 8086 interrupts. Explain with the help of flow chart and circuit diagram interfacing of matrix keyboard with microprocessor. (10)
- 4. Draw and explain internal block diagram of 80486 microprocessor. Describe the memory management unit using selector and descriptor in 80286 and 80386 microprocessor. (10)

SECOND HALF

ANSWAR Q. No. 5 and any three from the rest

- 5. Choose the correct or best alternative in the following with a brief narration:
- i) Ready pin of a microprocessor is used
- (A) to indicate that the microprocessor is ready to receive inputs.
- (B) to indicate that the microprocessor is ready to receive outputs.
- (C) to introduce wait states. (D) to provide direct memory access.
- ii) In which T-state does the CPU sends the address to memory or I/O and the ALE signal for demultiplexing
- (A) T1. (B) T2. (C) T3. (D) T4.
- iii) In a DMA write operation the data is transferred
- (A) from I/O to memory.
- (B) from memory to I/O.
- (C) from memory to memory.
- (D) from I/O to I/O.

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