BE(EE) Pt-IV 7th Semester Examination, December 2012

Illumination Engineering (Elective I) (EE705/1)

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 70

Answer SIX questions.
TWO marks are reserved for neatness in each half.

FIRST HALF Answer any THREE questions

- 1. Draw a neat diagram of human eye and label its major parts. Describe the functions of these parts. (11)
- 2. (a) What do you mean by perfect diffuser? Derive the relationship between total flux output and intensity of a flat diffuser.
 - (b) Prepare a brief write-up on the materials used for luminaires. ((1+5)+5)
- (a) Explain the additive law and subtractive law of colour theory and suitability of their applications.
 - (b) Describe Munsell Colour system and explain how a colour is specified in this system. (4+7)
- 4. (a) What are the methods of representing intensity distribution of a lamp? With necessary diagram explain how the light intensity distribution are determined with the help of a distribution photometer.
 - (b) Discuss on interference of light and its applications.

((2+5)+4)

- (a) Describe the following terms in connection with roadway lighting
 (i) longitudinal reference line (ii) house side (iii) maximum cone and (iv) cut-off luminaires.
 - (b) Explain the design steps of Lumen method for street lighting.

(4+7)

SECOND HALF

Answer Question no. 6 and any TWO from the rest.

- 6. (a) What is the basic difference between an ordinary fluorescent lamp and a mercury vapour lamp, both having the same constituents within the glass bulb?
 - (b) A halogen lamp is a better version of the incandescent lamp. Explain.
 - (c) Justify the choice of lighting in
 - i) Khidderpore Dock ii) Victoria Memorial iii) Eden Gardens

 $(2+3+2 \times 3)$

- 7. (a) Derive the expression for luminous efficiency from the concept of spectral radiant flux distribution and the sensitivity of vision of the standard observer.
 - (b) What do you mean by a lighting system? Describe its components and their significance. (6+5)
- 8. (a) What do you mean by polar curves and its significance to lighting design?
 - (b) What is the difference between depreciation factor and utilization factor? What is generally the value of depreciation factor?
 - (c) A lamp having an uniform C.P of 200 in all directions is provided with a reflector which directs 60% of the total light uniformly on a circular area of 10M diameter. The lamp is hung 7M above the area. Calculate the illumination at the center and edge of the with and without the reflector. (3+2+6)
- 9. (a) What is the necessity of an electronic choke for a fluorescent lamp? Explain the various parts of such a choke.
 - (b) An illumination of 25 lux is to be produced on the floor of a room $12m \times 9m$. 18 lamps are required to produce this illumination in the room, if 50% of the emitted light falls on the floor. What is the power of the lamp in candela? Assume maintenance factor as unity. (7+4)

 $(5\frac{1}{2} \times 2)$

- 10. Write short notes on the following (Any TWO):
 - (a) The construction of the LED lamp
 - (b) The construction of the Sodium Vapour Lamp
 - (c) The principle of operation of HID lamps.