Bengal Engineering & Science University, Shibpur

B. E. (CST 5TH Semester) Examination, 2012

Subject: Analog and Digital Communication (ET 507)

Time: 3hrs Full marks: 70

Answer any FIVE questions

- 1. (a) What do you mean by LTI system? Show that for a discrete time causal LTI system h(n) = 0, for n < 0
 - (b) Determine and sketch the convolution of the following two signals: x(t) = 1 for -1 < t < +1 and 0 otherwise; $h(t) = \delta(t+1) + 2\delta(t+2)$.
 - (c) Find the autocorrelation function of sine wave signal $g(t) = A \sin(\omega_0 + \phi)$, $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$. [6+4+4]
- 2. (a) Consider an LTI system with input output related through the following equation:

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} e^{-(t-\tau)} x(\tau-2) d\tau$$
, What is the impulse response for this system?

- (b) Find the Fourier transform of $f(t) = rect(\frac{t}{\tau})$
- (c) Write short notes on Noise in communication system.

[5+4+5]

- 3. (a) Why modulation is needed? Define modulation index in AM & FM.
 - (b) Derive the expression for power in AM. An AM signal with a carrier of 1 KW power has 200 watt in each sideband. Find the percentage modulation. Write down the advantages of FM over AM.
 - (c) Given $v(t) = 12\cos(6 \times 10^8 t + 5\sin 1250t)$, Determine carrier frequency, modulating frequency and modulation index of the above signal.

[4+6+4]

- 4. (a) With proper diagram explain different Line coder: NRZ Polar, NRZ Bipolar, Split Phase Manchester.
 - (b) For a binary PCM systems find out the expression for Signal to Quantization Noise ratio in dB scale.

A signal m(t) band limited to 3 kHz is sampled at a rate 33.33% higher than the Nyquist rate. Maximum quantization error is 0.5% of the peak amplitude m_p . Find the minimum bandwidth of a channel required to transmit the encoded binary signal.

(c) What is Multiplexing? Differentiate between TDM and FDM.

[4+6+4]

- 5. (a) Define Entropy in Information theory.
 - (b) An analog signal is band limited to f_m Hz and sampled at Nyquist rate. The samples are quantized into 4 levels. Each level represents one symbol. The probabilities of these 4
 - symbols are $P(x_1) = P(x_4) = 1/8$ and $P(x_2) = P(x_3) = 3/8$. Find out the information rate. (c) Show that channel capacity of an ideal AWGN channel with infinite bandwidth is given by $C_{\infty} \cong 1.44 \frac{S}{n} \, b/\sec$, where S is the average signal power and $\frac{\eta}{2}$ is the power

 η spectral density of white Gaussian noise.

[4+6+4]

- 6. (a) Define Delta Modulation, What do you mean by Slope Overload Distortion?
 - (b) Draw the block diagram of DPSK system and explain its working.
 - (c) Explain how QPSK differs from PSK in term of transmission bandwidth and bit information it carries? Give the equation for average probability of symbol error for binary PSK.

[5+5+4]

- 7. (a) Write Shannon's channel capacity theorem.
 - (b) Explain Cyclic codes. For pattern 110101 and Message 1010001101 Find CRC.
 - (c) If Message 1001101 and parity bits r1: 1,3,5,7,9,11, r2: 2,3,6,7,10,11, r4: 4,5,6,7, r8:8,9,10,11 find out transmitted bit using Hamming code.

[2+6+6]

- 8. Write short notes (any two)
 - (a) ISI (b) Matched filter (c) QPSK (d) Pulse modulation
 - (e) Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum.