M.E. (Electrical) 2nd Semester Examination, 2012

Optimal Filtering Process (EE-1022)

Time: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

Answer any SIX_questions
Taking any TWO from each Group

GROUP-A

1. a) What is a Kalman Filter? Why it is a popular tool for the technologists?

b) What is a Wiener filter? Compare its operation with that of Kalman filter. [5+7]

2. a) What do you mean by a "Random variable" and a "Random Number? Discuss with the example of single die and two dice problems.

b) Mention some of the properties of Auto-correlation function with example. [7+5]

3. a) What are 'time varying' and 'time invariant' systems? Explain 'observability' of a time invariant system.

b) Discuss the differences among 'predicter', 'filter' and 'smoother'. [6+6]

GROUP-B

- 4. a) How deterministic least square method may be related with a Kalman filter algorithm?
 - b) If the steady state gain of the Kalman filter approaches 0.9, comment on the stability condition of the discrete-time system given by

$$x_{k+1} = x_k + 2w_k$$

$$z_k = 1.5x_k + v_k$$
[6+5]

- 5. a) Discuss the differences between LKF and EKF methods.
 - b) Determine the solution of x_k up to k=2 around the estimated states for the system given by:

$$x_{k+1} = 1.5x_k^2 - 2x_k + w_k$$

$$z_k = x_k^3 + v_k$$

$$E\langle w_k \rangle = E\langle v_k \rangle = 0$$

$$E\langle x_0 \rangle = \hat{x}_0 = 0$$

$$cov.(w_k) = \Delta(k_2 - k_1)$$

$$cov.(v_k) = 1.5\Delta(k_2 - k_1)$$

- 6. a) What are the practical problems in implementing Kalman filter algorithms?
 - b) What is a "Bad data" problem? How can it be overcome?

[5+6]

GROUP-C

- 7. a) How the process and sensor disturbances can be modeled and handled by augmenting the states?
 - b) A central air-conditioning system is represented by the following state-space equations:

$$\mathbf{\dot{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{-4} & 2 \\ 2 & \mathbf{-7} \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{3} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} d$$

$$z = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x$$

where u is the control input and d is the process disturbance of external temperature having a periodic variation given by dynamics d + 0.03d + 0.01d = w, where w is a white noise process. There is no known sensor noise dynamics. Get the augmented system state-space matrices. [6+6]

- 8. a) Define the terms 'terminal penalty cost', 'state weighting matrix' and 'input weighting matrix' with respect to the LQ control theory.
 - b) How the LQG control problem can be separated into two completely decoupled processes of 'LQ estimation' and 'LQ optimal control'? Explain with diagram and relevant equations.

[5+7]

9. Write critical notes on any two:

 $[2 \times 6]$

- a) Significance of 'Time update' and 'Measurement update' equations of Kalman Filter algorithm.
- b) DFRE and DCRE equations of discrete time LQG control problem
- c) Rounding-off error in Kalman Filter.
- d) Uncented Kalman Filter.