

19.1.09

Full Marks: 70

Time: 3 hours

Use separate answerscript for each half

**FIRST HALF**

(Answer Q. No.1 and any TWO from the rest)

- Q1.** Draw bending moment and shear force diagrams for the beam shown in Fig. Q1. Indicate the sign conventions followed.

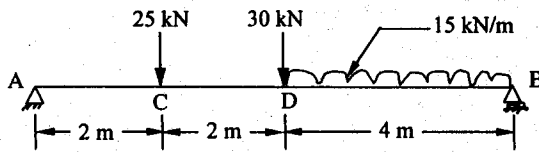


Fig. Q1

15

- Q2.** Fig. Q2 shows the cross-section of a beam which is subjected to a shear force of  $20 \times 10^3$  N. Draw shear stress distribution across the depth marking values at salient points.

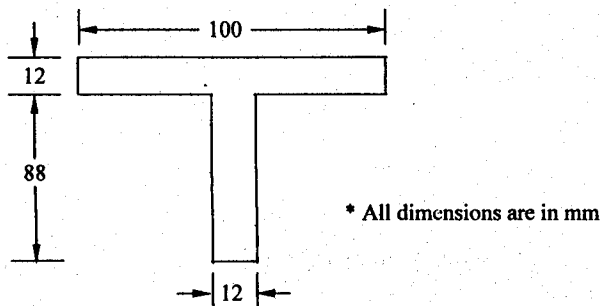


Fig. Q2

10

- Q3.** Evaluate slopes at both ends and the maximum deflection for the beam shown in Fig. Q3,  $EI = \text{Constant}$ , using the differential equation of Elastic Line.

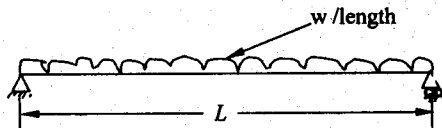


Fig. Q3

10

- Q4.** (a) State the two theorems of the Moment-Area Method.

- (b) A simply supported beam AB carries a concentrated load 'P' as shown in Fig. Q4. Find the deflection of point 'C' and slope at 'A' using Moment-Area Method.

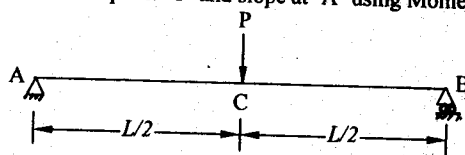


Fig. Q4

4+6=10

- Q5.** Analyze the propped cantilever beam shown in Fig. Q5 by the Method of Consistent Deformation. Draw the Bending Moment Diagram.

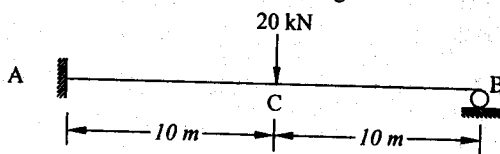
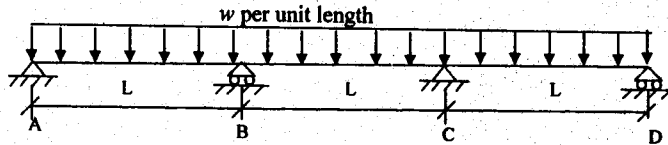


Fig. Q5

**SECOND HALF**

*(Answer any THREE questions)  
(Two marks are reserved for neatness)*

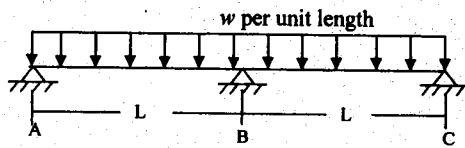
- Q6.** ABCD is a three span continuous beam (Fig.Q6). Length of each span is "L" and carries uniformly distributed load of w/unit length. Calculate the value of Bending Moment at B and C using the equation of three moments. Also draw the Bending Moment Diagram for the said beam.



**Fig. Q6**

(11)

- Q7.** State Castigliano's first and second theorems. Using Castigliano's second theorem find the reactions of the supports of the two-span continuous beam carrying uniformly distributed load of w/unit length throughout its spans (Fig. Q7).

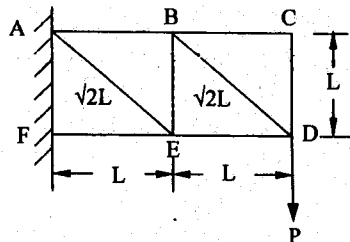


**Fig. Q7**

- Q8.** Using Castigliano's theorem find the deflection of the point "D" of the truss as shown in Fig. Q8.

(11)

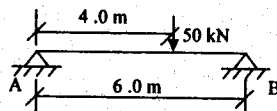
(11)



**Fig.Q8**

- Q9.** A beam AB of span 6.0 m carries a load of 50 kN at a distance 4.0 m from the left end (Fig. Q9). Using Conjugate Beam Method find (i) slopes at A and B, and (ii) deflection under the load. Given  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $I = 8.325 \times 10^7 \text{ mm}^4$ .

(11)



**Fig. Q9**

- Q10.** (a) Define column. What is the difference between a short column and a long column? Explain Euler's critical load for a long column.

- (b) Derive an expression for Euler's critical load for a long column whose both ends are hinged.

(4+7=11)

